SAN-MAR CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYEE SAFETY TRAINING

EMPLOYEES IN ATTENDANCE

SAFETY INSTRUCTOR <u>Jeiemy</u> Chave	Z Date: 11-14- 19
TRANSLATOR	Time: 06:45 a.m.
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TOPIC_Silica Awareness and Hazard Communica	tion
	Signature:
KYAN KILGORE	Ly fly
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Thomas Burton	Fleer R-
Travis Johnson	
Instructor Name (Please Print): Jeremy C	havez
Instructor Signature:	

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SAFETY INSTRUCTOR Jeremy Cha	Date:	11-14-19
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TOPIC_Silica Awareness and Hazard Commun	cation	
Print Name:	Signature:	
Adrian Zavala Richarz Nobella	Mr.	
JUSTIN JONES	Que	7.
SAM TIGNOZ		/
John Amoyos	- m	
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2001-C1 201-01-01		
Instructor Name (Please Print):	Chavez	
Instructor Signature:		

SAFETY MEETING MINUTES

DATE: TIME:

CONDUCTED BY:

SAFETY COMPLIANCE COMPANY

CONDUCTED FOR: SAN MAR

SUBJECTS DISCUSSED: GHS HAZARD COMMUNICATION TRAINING

OSHA revised its Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) to align with the United Nations' Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS) and published it in the Federal Register in March 2012 (77 FR 17574). Two significant changes contained in the revised standard require the use of new labeling elements and a standardized format for Safety Data Sheets (SDSs), formerly known as, Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs).

Training on label elements must include information on:

A. Type of information employees would expect to see on the new labels, including:

- **1. Product identifier:** how the hazardous chemical is identified. This can be (but is not limited to) the chemical name, code number, or batch number. The manufacturer, importer, or distributor can decide the appropriate product identifier. The same product identifier must be both on the label and in Section 1 of the SDS (Identification).
- 2. Signal word: used to indicate the relative level of severity of hazard and alert the reader to a potential hazard on the label. There are only two signal words, "Danger" and "Warning." Within a specific hazard class, "Danger" is used for the more severe hazards and "Warning" is used for the less severe hazards. There will only be one signal word on the label no matter how many hazards a chemical may have. If one of the hazards warrants a "Danger" signal word and another warrants the signal word "Warning," then only "Danger" should appear on the label.
- **3. Pictogram:** OSHA's required pictograms must be in the shape of a square set at a point and include a black hazard symbol on a white background with a red frame sufficiently wide enough to be clearly visible. A square red frame set at a point without a hazard symbol is not a pictogram and is not permitted on the label. OSHA has designated eight pictograms under this standard for application to a hazard category.
- **4. Hazard statement(s):** describe the nature of the hazard(s) of a chemical, including, where appropriate, the degree of hazard. For example: "Causes damage to kidneys through prolonged or repeated exposure when absorbed through the skin." All of the applicable hazard statements must appear on the label. Hazard statements may be combined where appropriate to reduce redundancies and improve readability. The hazard statements are specific to the hazard classification categories, and chemical users should always see the same statement for the same hazards, no matter what the chemical is or who produces it.
- **5. Precautionary statement(s):** means a phrase that describes recommended measures that should be taken to minimize or prevent adverse effects resulting from exposure to a hazardous chemical or improper storage or handling.
- 6. Name, address and phone number of the chemical manufacturer, distributor, or importer.

Continued on next page

B. How employees might use the labels in the workplace. For example:

- 1. Information on the label can be used to ensure proper storage of hazardous chemicals.
- **2.** The information on the label might be used to quickly locate information on First Aid when needed by employees or emergency personnel.

C. General understanding of how the elements work together on a label. For example:

- 1. Where a chemical has multiple hazards, different pictograms are used to identify the various hazards. The employee should expect to see the appropriate pictogram for the corresponding hazard class.
- 2. When there are similar precautionary statements, the one providing the most protective information will be included on the label.

Training on the format of the SDS must include information on:

A. Standardized 16-section format, including the type of information found in the various sections:

For example, with the new format, Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection) will always contain information about exposure limits, engineering controls, and ways to protect yourself, including Personal Protective Equipment.

B. How the information on the label is related to the SDS

For example, precautionary statements would be the same on the label and on the SDS.

Review of Injuries

RECOMMENDATIONS.

SAFETY COMPLIANCE COMPANY

Reviewed prior injuries and close calls for last quarter. Discussed what new procedures and policies can be implemented to prevent recurrence.

Review of Employer & Employee Responsibility

Discussed that it is responsibility of *Company Name* to provide the safest possible environment for its employees, and that it is the responsibility of the employees to be accountable for their own safety by adhering to the Codes of Safe Practices for their job and by abiding by the safety rules and regulations of the Company.

RECOMMENDATIONS.		
1.		
2.		
APPROVED BY:		
SAFETY INSTRUCTOR	DATE	

** There are 2 attachments that must be included with these minutes. Please include the "GHS.SDS Info Sheet Eng.Span 050113" and the "GHS.Symbols Sheet Eng.Spanish 050113" PDF docs.